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APPLICATION NO.	FILING DATE	FIRST NAMED INVENTOR	ATTORNEY DOCKET NO.	CONFIRMATION NO.	
10/586,392	07/17/2006 Ulf Hagg		1515-1042	2551	
	466 7590 03/08/2011 YOUNG & THOMPSON			EXAMINER	
209 Madison Street			WU, IVES J		
Suite 500 Alexandria, VA	. 22314		ART UNIT	PAPER NUMBER	
			1776		
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			03/08/2011	ELECTRONIC	

Please find below and/or attached an Office communication concerning this application or proceeding.

The time period for reply, if any, is set in the attached communication.

Notice of the Office communication was sent electronically on above-indicated "Notification Date" to the following e-mail address(es):

DocketingDept@young-thompson.com

	Application No.	Applicant(s)	
	10/586,392	HAGG ET AL.	
Office Action Summary	Examiner	Art Unit	
	IVES WU	1797	
The MAILING DATE of this communication app Period for Reply	ears on the cover sheet with the c	orrespondence address	
A SHORTENED STATUTORY PERIOD FOR REPLY WHICHEVER IS LONGER, FROM THE MAILING DA - Extensions of time may be available under the provisions of 37 CFR 1.13 after SIX (6) MONTHS from the mailing date of this communication. - If NO period for reply is specified above, the maximum statutory period w - Failure to reply within the set or extended period for reply will, by statute, Any reply received by the Office later than three months after the mailing earned patent term adjustment. See 37 CFR 1.704(b).	ATE OF THIS COMMUNICATION 36(a). In no event, however, may a reply be tim vill apply and will expire SIX (6) MONTHS from cause the application to become ABANDONEI	l. ely filed the mailing date of this communication. 0 (35 U.S.C. § 133).	
Status			
1) ☐ Responsive to communication(s) filed on 12 M 2a) ☐ This action is FINAL . 2b) ☐ This 3) ☐ Since this application is in condition for allowar closed in accordance with the practice under E	action is non-final. nce except for formal matters, pro		
Disposition of Claims			
4) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3 and 6-15 is/are pending in the approach 4a) Of the above claim(s) is/are withdraw 5) ☐ Claim(s) is/are allowed. 6) ☐ Claim(s) 1-3,6-15 is/are rejected. 7) ☐ Claim(s) is/are objected to. 8) ☐ Claim(s) are subject to restriction and/or	vn from consideration.		
Application Papers			
9) The specification is objected to by the Examine 10) The drawing(s) filed on is/are: a) acce Applicant may not request that any objection to the of Replacement drawing sheet(s) including the correct 11) The oath or declaration is objected to by the Ex	epted or b) objected to by the Edrawing(s) be held in abeyance. See ion is required if the drawing(s) is obj	37 CFR 1.85(a). ected to. See 37 CFR 1.121(d).	
Priority under 35 U.S.C. § 119			
12) Acknowledgment is made of a claim for foreign a) All b) Some * c) None of: 1. Certified copies of the priority documents 2. Certified copies of the priority documents 3. Copies of the certified copies of the prior application from the International Bureau * See the attached detailed Office action for a list	s have been received. s have been received in Applicati ity documents have been receive I (PCT Rule 17.2(a)).	on No d in this National Stage	
Attachment(s) 1) \[\sum \text{Notice of References Cited (PTO-892)} \]	4) ☐ Interview Summary	(PTO-413)	
Notice of References Cited (PTO-892) Notice of Draftsperson's Patent Drawing Review (PTO-948) Information Disclosure Statement(s) (PTO/SB/08) Paper No(s)/Mail Date	4) interview Summary Paper No(s)/Mail Da 5) Notice of Informal P 6) Other:	te	

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DETAILED ACTION

(1). Applicants' Request-for-Continued Examination (RCEX), Amendments and Remarks filed on 5/12/2010 have been received.

Claims 4-5 are cancelled.

Claim 1 is amended.

The objection to the Specification, rejection of claims 4-5 in prior Office Action dated 1/13/2010 is withdrawn in view of the Remarks, Cancellation.

The rejection of claim 1 in prior Office Action dated 1/13/2010 is revised in response to the current Amendments.

Claim Rejections - 35 USC § 103

The following is a quotation of 35 U.S.C. 103(a) which forms the basis for all obviousness rejections set forth in this Office action:

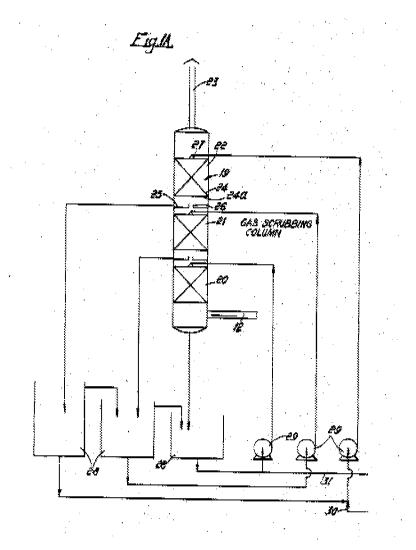
(a) A patent may not be obtained though the invention is not identically disclosed or described as set forth in section 102 of this title, if the differences between the subject matter sought to be patented and the prior art are such that the subject matter as a whole would have been obvious at the time the invention was made to a person having ordinary skill in the art to which said subject matter pertains. Patentability shall not be negatived by the manner in which the invention was made.

The factual inquiries set forth in Graham v. John Deere Co., 383 U.S. 1, 148 USPQ 459 (1966), that are applied for establishing a background for determining obviousness under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) are summarized as follows:

- 1. Determining the scope and contents of the prior art.
- 2. Ascertaining the differences between the prior art and the claims at issue.
- 3. Resolving the level of ordinary skill in the pertinent art.
- 4. Considering objective evidence present in the application indicating obviousness or nonobviousness.
- (2). Claims 1-3, 11-15 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warner et al (US 3528220) in view of Nolan (US 6399030B1).

As to a scrubber for the cleaning of gases comprising: a scrubber tower; a plurality of scrubber stages (1-4), each arranged in the scrubber tower with different ones of the plurality of scrubber stages at different levels above each other in the scrubber tower in **independent claim** 1, Warner et al (US 3528220) disclose avoidance of air pollution in the manufacture of glass fiber products (Title). It is further shown in the Figure below, the gas scrubbing column has polluted air stream inlet 12, three scrubbing stages 20, 21 and 22 arranged as claimed.

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As to wherein at least one of the plurality of scrubber stages (2-4) above a lowest one of said plurality of scrubber stages (1) comprises a ring-shaped fluid storage tank (10,15,20) arranged inside the scrubber tower and is arranged surrounding a central channel (9, 14, 20) through which the gas that is to be cleaned can pass upward in **independent claim 1**, as shown in the Figure above, the liquid collecting tray 25 (**storage tank**), and chimney riser 26 are read on the limitations as claimed.

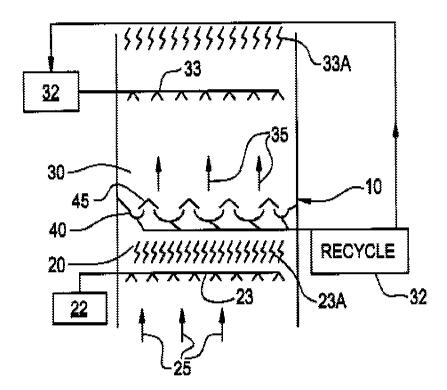
As to a separation trough at bottom of each of the plurality of stages of the scrubber above the lowest one of the plurality of scrubber stages and arranged separating the fluid from the upwards flowing gas, the separation trough having obliquely placed laminae leading the fluid that arrives from one of the plurality of scrubber stages disposed above the separation trough to

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trough channels arranged under the laminae, that lead the fluid onwards to the corresponding ring-shaped fluid tank in **independent claim 1**, Warner et al (US 3528220) disclose each zone containing Glitsch Grid packing 24 supported on a baffle plate 24a and has a liquid-collecting tray 25 at its base. Warner et al **do not teach** troughs as claimed.

However, Nolan (US 6399030B1) **teaches** combined flue gas desulfurization and carbon dioxide removal system (Title). As shown in the Figure 1 below, it contains a series of baffles and drains 40. One or both of the drains 40 and baffles 45 (**obliquely placed laminae**) may be oriented at an inclined angle toward a front or back of the wall of the vessel 10 to improve drainage of the 2nd reagent 32 from the vessel 10 for recycling (Col. 3, line 6-20).

FIG. 1



The advantage of baffles and drains is to provide a simple, mechanical separator between the gas separation processes within the vessel (Col. 2, line 4-6).

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Therefore it would have been obvious at time of the invention to install the baffles, drains of Nolan for the baffle plate for each scrubber stage in the vessel of Warner et al in order to attain the advantage cited above.

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As to the separation trough is recessed within the surrounded by the ring-shaped fluid storage tank in **independent claim 1**, it would be within the space formed by wall of the column and liquid collection tray as the teaching of baffles, drainages disclosed by Nolan is combined.

As to wherein each of the plurality of scrubber stages (2-4) above the lowest of the plurality of scrubber stages comprises the ring-shaped fluid storage tank located inside of the scrubber tower in **claim 2**, as shown in the Figure above, it contains features as claimed.

As to further comprising a circulation pump at each of the plurality of scrubber stages and arranged to feed fluid through feed pipes present in the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank from the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank at the bottom of the scrubber stage to spray beams arranged at the upper part of the scrubber stage for distribution over the cross-section of the scrubber in a direction against the upwards gas flow in **claim 3**, as shown in the Figure above, the three circulation pump and spray 27 which reads on the limitations as claimed.

As to further comprising a circulation pump at each of the plurality of scrubber stages and arranged to feed fluid through feed pipes present in the corresponding ring-shaped storage tank from the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank at the bottom of scrubber stage to spray beams arranged at upper part of the scrubber stage for distribution over the cross-section of the scrubber in a direction against the upwards gas flow in **claim 11**, as shown in the Figure above the liquid collecting tray 25 at bottom of the scrubber stage and spray 27 as well as the piping line (not numbered) to the spray 27, which read on the limitations as claimed.

As to wherein the circulation pump is connected to the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank and located at essentially the same level as the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank in **claims 12** and **13**, the disclosure of Warner et al is incorporated herein by reference, the most subject matters as currently claimed, has been recited in Applicants' claim 6, and has been discussed therein.

As to wherein the circulation pump is arranged on ground outside of the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank and outside of the scrubber tower, and connected by means of an

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15, the disclosure of Warner et al is incorporated herein by reference, the most subject matters as currently claimed, has been recited in Applicants' claim 9, and has been discussed therein.

(3). Claims 6-10 are rejected under 35 U.S.C. 103(a) as being unpatentable over Warner et al (US 3528220) for the same rationale recited in prior Office Action dated 1/13/2010.

Response to Arguments

(4). Applicant's arguments filed on 5/13/2010 have been fully considered but they are not persuasive.

Applicants assert that prior art Warner et al (US 3528220) and Nolan (US 6399030B1), whether taken individually or combined, fail to teach or suggest the relative positioning of a separation trough and a ring-shaped fluid storage tank such that the separation trough has "obliquely placed laminae leading the fluid that arrives from one of the plurality of scrubber stages disposed above the separation trough to trough channels arranged under the laminae to lead the fluid onwards to the corresponding ring-shaped fluid storage tank" and "separation is recessed within and surrounded by the ring-shaped fluid storage tank" as required by at least amended independent claim 1 (\(\Pi\)2, page 9, Remarks). However, the teaching of baffles 45, drain conduit 40 in the figure 1 of Nolan (US 6399030B1) is combined with the teaching of packing of scrubber stage disclosed by Warner et al (US 3528220), in combining, the baffles, drain conduit of Nolan would be underneath the packing, its support baffle of scrubber stage of Warner et al, such that the advantage of baffles, conduits is achieved, also meet the instant claim. The recycle unit 32 disclosed by Nolan (US 3528220) as well as other issues raised by Applicants in this Remarks would not be persuasive because one cannot show non-obviousness by attacking references individually where the rejections are based on combinations of references, and the test for obviousness is not whether the features of a secondary reference may be bodily incorporated into the structure of the primary reference; nor is it that the claimed invention must be expressly suggested in any one or all of the references. Rather, the test is what the combined teachings of the references would have suggested to those of ordinary skills in the art. See In re Keller, 642 F.2d 413, 208 USPQ 871 (CCPA 1981).

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Conclusion

Any inquiry concerning this communication or earlier communications from the examiner should be directed to IVES WU whose telephone number is (571)272-4245. The examiner can normally be reached on 8:00 - 5:00.

If attempts to reach the examiner by telephone are unsuccessful, the examiner's supervisor, Duane Smith can be reached on 571-272-1166. The fax phone number for the organization where this application or proceeding is assigned is 571-273-8300.

Information regarding the status of an application may be obtained from the Patent Application Information Retrieval (PAIR) system. Status information for published applications may be obtained from either Private PAIR or Public PAIR. Status information for unpublished applications is available through Private PAIR only. For more information about the PAIR system, see http://pair-direct.uspto.gov. Should you have questions on access to the Private PAIR system, contact the Electronic Business Center (EBC) at 866-217-9197 (toll-free). If you would like assistance from a USPTO Customer Service Representative or access to the automated information system, call 800-786-9199 (IN USA OR CANADA) or 571-272-1000.

Examiner: Ives Wu Art Unit: 1776 Date: March 2, 2011

> /Duane Smith/ Supervisory Patent Examiner, Art Unit 1776